BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40—No. 9. Beaver, Wednesday, February 3, 1864. Established 1818

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and fifty cents per annum, in advance; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, must have prompt attention.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per inch, first insertion; and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers. Ten lines of Agate type measure one inch. Twelve lines of Nonpareil measure one inch. Three inches square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious Notices, and other Notices of a public nature, free.

FARM FOR SALE.

THERE will be sold, at Public Vendue, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 26TH, 1864,

on the premises, the following described property, situated in Big Beaver Township, Beaver county, late the property of David Boyd, dec'd, containing about

NINETY-FIVE ACRES,

adjoining lands of William Paden on the north, and Andrew Boyd on the south, on which is a good, comfortable dwelling house, with a well of good water in the kitchen, with a good stone pump in it; Also a good bank Barn, under part of stone, upper part frame—and all other out-buildings necessary on a farm.—There is a spring of excellent water convenient to the house, with a good milk house.—There are about 75 acres of cleared land; about 12 of which is meadow, all under a good state of cultivation. There is a good orchard of fruit trees of apples, peaches and cherries. There are two veins of stone coal, one 2½ feet, and the other 8 feet. The property is situated within one mile of the Pittsburgh and Chicago railroad, and three miles from the New Castle & Beaver Valley railroad. There is a State road passing through it.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April, at which time a good and sufficient deed will be made. The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale by the subscribers, who are legally authorized to sell said property.

JOHN I. REED,
ANDREW J. BOYD.

Jan. 1st, '64.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer for sale on TUESDAY, DEC. 29TH, 1863,

a Farm in Lawrence county, Pa., adjoining land with Wm. Davidson, P. R. Friend & Co., situated 1-2 mile from Wampum Furnace, 1-2 mile from a Grist Mill, 1-2 mile from three good Saw Mills, 1-2 mile from Beaver Creek, 8 miles from New Castle, 1-4 mile from the N. Castle and Valley R. R., containing

ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY-THREE ACRES,

about fifty-three acres cleared and under fence. With about thirty-five acres of a three ft. coal vein, also a 5 and 6 ft. vein; also abundance of timber and limestone and ore; also 50 apple trees and 10 peach bearing trees, all of the best quality; also abundance of good never-failing springs of pure water. Roll of first quality. The house is a frame, 25 by 16 feet, one story high.

For reference call on Wm. Kennedy, New Brighton, or the subscriber in Chippewa tp. Terms made known on day of sale. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

N. B. Title warranted.

dec9 JOSEPH BRITTAIN.

BEAVER COUNTY,

In the Orphans' Court in and for Beaver county, before the Hon. Daniel Agnew, President, and his associates, Judges of said Court; in the matter of the partition of the real estate of George A. Hunter, dec'd. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: To Robert Hunter, of Beaver county; Mary, a sister, intermarried with Enoch Potter, of Louisa county, Iowa; Louisa, a sister, intermarried with Thos Scriggs, (now a widow) of Louisa county aforesaid; Minerva, a sister, intermarried with Josiah Hasson, of Columbiana county, Ohio; Jane, a sister, intermarried with Milo Bradshaw, of Beaver county; Frances, a sister intermarried with Isaac Shane, of Beaver county—all above 21 years of age and all others, greeting:—You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges aforesaid, at an Orphan's Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for said county, on the first Monday of March next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased, situate in Ohio tp., Beaver county, Pa., at the appraisement put upon it by an Inquest duly awarded by said Court, and returned by the Sheriff to September Term, 1863, and found to contain as follows, to wit: Purpart "A", (mansion) containing 13 acres, valued at $28 per acre. Purpart "B" containing 84 acres 28 perches, valued at $26,584 per acre.—And in the event of non-acceptance, to shew cause why the same should not be sold.

Witness the Hon. Daniel Agnew, President of our said Court, at Beaver, this 14th day of November, 1863.

dec9 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

In the Orphans' Court in and for said County, before the Hon. Daniel Agnew, President, and his associates, Judges of said Court. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Andrew S. Glass, deceased.—Now, to wit: Nov. 12, 1863. The Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd, to wit: Phebe Jane Glass (the widow) James Glass, of Wells county, Indiana. John Glass, of Wells county, Indiana. Esther Glass intermarried with Joseph Cornell, residing in same place. Ann Glass intermarried with Andrew M'Gaffick, said Andrew now dec'd, of Ohio tp. Sarah Glass intermarried with John Jonston, of Ohio tp. Rebecca Glass intermarried with John Mullison (now dec'd), boro tp. Nancy Glass intermarried with Joseph Lawrence (petitioner) South Beaver tp. Lucinda Glass intermarried with James Barclay, (Barclay P. O.) Black Hawk county, Iowa and William Glass, who resided when the Rebellion broke out, in De-Witt county, Texas, but who has not since been heard from. And all others interested, to shew cause, if any they have, why an Inquest to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd., should not be warded, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on the first Monday of March next.

A true copy of Rule.

A. G. M'CREARY,
nov20'64 Clerk, O. C.

VALUABLE RIVER FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, situate in Industry township, four miles below Beaver, Beaver county, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

90 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a Frame Dwelling House, 20 by 40 feet, two stories in height; a frame barn 35 by 55 feet; frame horse and cow stable; a good Orchard of grafted fruit trees. (The C. & P. R.R. passes through this farm.) About 140 acres of this land is underlaid with a four feet vein of coal, open in two places, and in working order. The above farm is a very valuable one, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also, a lot containing TWELVE ACRES, one mile from Beaver—improved; suitable for a Gardener or Nurseryman. Title good, and terms easy.

Beaver, Jan6,'64. ROBERT M'CREERY.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of WILLIAM GLEN, Jr., dec'd., late of Greene tp., Beaver co, Pa, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

Jan. 20, '64. JOHN SMILEY, Executor.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing, Monday, Nov 16, 1863, Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

8:30 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh, 10:00 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" " 4:50 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	" " 8:50 P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:	
6:15 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver, 8:45 A. M.
3:00 P. M.	" " 5:30 P. M.
11:00 P. M.	" " 8:10 A. M.

J. K. M'CULLOUGH, Agt.

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—Going East.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:40 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	7:10 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
4th Brighton "	3:00 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail, "	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express, "	1:05 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express, "	2:05 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
Cincinnati Exp. "	5:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crestline Accom.	2:15 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
4th " "	5:40 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail, "	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express, "	11:15 A. M.	3:00 A. M.
2d Express, "	11:44 P. M.	6:00 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Nov. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$68,724 48
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds	82,340 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes	4,850 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958 95
Due from other banks	17,075 50
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	35,718 85
Coin in vault	7,196 08
Protest account	1 47
	$216,925 33

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 85,050 00
Notes in circulation	1,400 00
Due depositors	112,367 25
Due the Commonwealth	2,720 17
Profits and earnings	757 16
Dividends unpaid	4,620 75
	$216,925 33

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 5th day of November, A. D., 1863.

H. B. BEISEL, J. P.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug 27

NEW GROCERY AND PRODUCE STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a GROCERY & PRODUCE STORE in the room formerly occupied by Stokes & Tallon, and directly opposite the *Argus* office, where we will keep constantly on hand and for sale a large assortment of Groceries, such as

COFFEE, RICE,
TEA, MOLASSES,
SUGAR, SYRUP,

Also, FLOUR, POTATOES, and all other articles usually kept in a Grocery store.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price.

dec9 T. T. M'KIBBIN.

DR. GEO. CLEIS.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.

His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present, where he can be consulted at any time, Wednesdays excepted, which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.

Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing—all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec23:4t

Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Rev. D. H. A. M'Lean, D. D.
" D. A. Cunningham.
" C. P. Cummins, M. D.

THE FALL TERM of fourteen weeks opens on TUESDAY, the first day of September.

Rates per term for board and furnished Room, ... $40 00

☞ For full particulars address

S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.

aug12:4t

The Coming Campaign.

Under the above caption the gifted author of *Letters of the Union* thus discourses:

The year 1864 calls us to the field. Those circle will form another star in the cluster of the Union, and mark a most interesting and critical period in the history of our confederation. To the mind the new born year is weird and solemn. To the prudent there appears cause for anxious solicitude, while even the stern heart sees that the tug of war, the crisis of the struggle is upon us, and that we must prepare ourselves for the tremendous shock. As when the skirmishers are driven in, and the distant cannonade is ended, two great armies rush to the death grapple and wrestle for the victory, so now the progress of this war has brought us to that final stage in which decisive blows are to be given and received.

We cannot contemplate the coming of the next and fourth campaign of the pending war without solicitude. We shall be strongly pressed by the enemy. They are making busy preparation. They are buying mercenaries for the fight as men buy sheep for the shambles. They are paying bounties the half of which the world never heard of before. They are spending money with a reckless profusion that contrasts strangely with their native parsimony. The cupidity with which they have ever sought their own advantage at our expense is far transcended by the lavish desperation with which they sacrifice their wealth for our destruction. American patriots of the better days were accustomed to say, "Millions for defence, not a cent for tribute." This maxim remains to us alone. Our enemies have altered it to read, "Millions for tyranny, not a cent for honesty and justice."

Our enemies, too, will commence the next campaign with some advantages of position which they did not have in the beginning of 1863. They will begin at Chattanooga instead of Nashville; at Vicksburg instead of Memphis. They come flushed also with wild hopes, and they are animated with increased arrogance. It will be incumbent upon us during the current year to call out all our resources and put forth all our strength. We must make the most vigorous battle of which we are capable. Everything is at stake—property, honor, liberty, life itself; and a giant danger presses. The Philistines be upon thee, Samson."

If we thus act our part the dangers which menace us will all be averted. The ship may be among the rocks and the sound of the breakers may be heard, but a steady captain and brave and united crew shall bring her safely out of her peril. Our real danger lies not in the martial array the enemy may send against us, for under the blessing of God we have already shown ourselves able to withstand them; but the point of anxious solicitude is, are we all prepared and resolved to do our whole duty? Do we appreciate the magnitude and the vital character of the crisis that is upon us? Are we all ready to make every sacrifice which the cause may require; to go into the ranks if called for; to contribute our property; to be ready with our personal service, wherever wanted, and to count not our lives dear unto us if our country is to be served? Are we ready to respond, without murmuring, to the military laws which Congress shall judge the exigency to require? Are we prepared to hail the law which shall impose heavy taxes upon us to retrieve our currency and establish our finances?

Fellow citizens, if we are not ready for all this, we must become so. Such a spirit and resolve among us are the condition, as they will prove the guaranty, of our success. But we must win this victory among and over ourselves before we shall be ready to meet the enemy. We must be ready to risk all, and offer all, if we do not wish to lose all. Every man who is able to level a musket must be ready to shine in arms; if too old or infirm for the army, then as State guards, or home defenders, or reserve. Every producer must arouse his utmost energies to provide food and clothing for the soldiers and the people. All must be ready to renounce comforts or endure hardships without murmuring or complaint. Oh, it is an honor to suffer in such a cause; and in the happy days to come, such suffering will be cold over from a glad memory with an honest pride.

To secure this cordial union of hearts and hands we must avoid everything calculated to chill our ardor, to discourage our efforts, and to estrange our feelings from each other. There are some, in this supreme hour of life and death, when we are fighting a fight that comes in upon us like a flood, when our country itself is at stake and threatened with destruction, who make it their part to be extremely noisy about State rights, and habeas corpus, and the largest liberty to every person who is disposed to abuse it. They are as wise as the man who cried "Fire," in the midst of a universal deluge! Others there are who dog the steps of the President, assail his acts, assail his motives, attack his usefulness, do all they can to make his efforts unsuccessful. His leading officers and Generals are often honored with a like indiscriminate abuse. From all these men the people must turn away. Whether in Congress or out of it, they are doing the enemy's work. They are distracting us when distraction is

Careless Business Men

It is not possible for a man to be careless in business affairs, or unmindful of his obligations, without being weak or rotten in his personal character.—Show me a man who never pays his notes when they are due, and who shirks the payment of his bills when it is possible, and I will show a man whose moral character is beyond all question bad. We have had illustrious examples of this lack of business exactness. We have had great men who were in the habit of borrowing money, without repaying it. We have had great men whose business habits were simply scandalous—who never paid a bill unless when urged and worried, and who expended for their personal gratification every cent of money they could lay their hands upon. These delinquencies have been apologized for among the eccentricities of genius, or as that unmindfulness of small affairs which naturally attends all greatness of intellect and intellectual effort; but the world has been too easy with them altogether. I could name great men—and the names of some of them arise before the readers of this letter—all who were atrociously dishonest [illegible] no matter how great these men [illegible] do not care how many amiable traits they possess. [illegible] honest and untrue in the business relation, does that simple fact condemns them. I am ready to believe anything bad of a man who habitual neglects to fulfil his business obligations. Such a man is certainly rotten at heart.

The Conscription Act.

The amended Conscription Bill has passed both Houses, and only awaits the signature of the President to become a law. Besides providing that an enrolled man may at any time secure complete exemption by furnishing a substitute not liable to draft, it now permits a drafted man to secure exemption from service by procuring a substitute liable to draft, but his name will be again enrolled for the next draft. The cost of commutation is retained at $300, and the name of the exempted man is enrolled, subject to draft under future calls, "when the present enrollment is exhausted."—Commutation money must be applied to securing substitutes in the Congressional district paying the money. Members of religious sects, conscientiously opposed to bearing arms, are to be considered, if drafted, as non-combatants, and assigned to duty in hospitals, or be exempted, by paying $3.00 during the whole term. Every foreigner who has held office in the State or United States is to be enrolled. The two classes for enrollment and draft are emerged in one, which is made to include persons between the ages of twenty and forty-five years; credits to be given to cities, towns and wards, so as to equalize as far as possible, the draft throughout each district. Drafted men may, if they prefer, be transferred to the navy; such transfer being credited to their respective localities. Alterations are made in the details of the old act for conducting the draft, and attorneys or agents are restricted to the fee of five dollars for preparing the necessary exemption papers.

LADY CLERKS.—In regard to employment by Secretary Chase of ladies as clerks in the Treasury Department, a correspondent of the *Washington Republican* says: While half-crazed enthusiasts are talking about woman's rights, Governor Chase has shown his desire to introduce the gentler sex into new spheres of usefulness, by appointing ladies as clerks in his department. Excellent clerks they make, too, actually talking less and writing more than some of their men gentlemen associates.

Grant is well enough to be in the saddle; the Tennessee River is rising, and Admiral Porter's gun-boats are getting into convenient position to take advantage of the rise.

A column of congratulation, would hardly convey more pleasure to the loyal people, than the three facts thrown into that short paragraph.

Happiness is like a pig with a greased tail which every one runs after, but no body can hold.

The Next Presidency

The Union members of the Pennsylvania Legislature have, with unanimity, nominated Mr. Lincoln for re-election to the Presidency for another term, and the address adopted, written on parchment, has been placed in the hands of General Cameron to be presented to the President. The Union League of Philadelphia also, formally nominated Mr. Lincoln, and it is understood that the Union members of the Legislatures of Maine, Indiana, Illinois, and other States, now in session, will likewise adopt a similar course. The probability is that if Mr. Lincoln is induced to accept a nomination for the second term, there will be scarcely anything like a formal opposition. The opponents of the administration can unite upon no man who has any hold upon the public confidence. What little feeling there may have been at one time in behalf of Gen. M'Clellan is entirely dissipated, and he is a used up man, so far as his political prospects are concerned, ever since the appearance of his letter on the eve of our State election in favor of Judge Woodward. That letter showed the weakness of M'Clellan's mind, and clearly proved that he was capable of being made a mere tool for designing men. Gov. Seymour, of New York, at this time might have been a prominent man before the country, but his endorsement of the peace candidates for Governor of Connecticut and Ohio, his opposition to the measure of giving the soldiers a right to vote, and, above all, his tampering with the red-handed murderers and rioters of New York, whom he addressed as "his friends," and to whom he promised to use his efforts to get the Government to relinquish the draft which these incendiaries had risen up to oppose, has forever prostrated, whatever political prospects he might at one time have had; he not only proved himself, like M'Clellan, a *weak* man, but has also shown that he is a bad man—a demagogue of the lowest order, who would sacrifice anything in the attainment of political power; he is a "dead cock in the pit," and has no more hope nor hope for future honors than his friend Vallandigham. And looking around upon the political horizon, we find no one upon whom the opposition can possibly rally, who has the smallest chance to receive a sufficient political influence to give him a shadow of chance against Mr. Lincoln.

[illegible] Republic is to live; but it is yet to be determined whether its restoration to good order, and security, and sound prosperity will be rapid, or whether it will linger for years on years. This will depend mainly on the spirit and wisdom of the Government at Washington. To its spirit we must look for the healing of the national wounds which the war will leave, and the revival all through the land of a common sentiment of patriotism, which shall consign the past to oblivion, and open the way for the very broadest nationality.

On its wisdom we must rely for the smooth and safe transition of the reclaimed territory from military rule to its normal civil condition; and for the devising and applying of the measures of a more social bearing, made necessary by the emancipation of millions of slaves. If the Government fails to meet these great questions—bequeathed to it by its success in the war—in the right spirit and with the right understanding, this generation, North and South, white and black, will pay for it in untold misery.

It is because the people appreciate that such consequences are at stake that they so early manifest a purpose to continue President Lincoln in office for another term. They find in his past success over the greatest difficulties their best security that he will be equal to any which the future may present. The country has many servants, both in military and in civil life, who have acquitted themselves most nobly; and who, it is probable, could fitly meet every duty of the Presidency. Yet this is by no means certain. A man's adaptation to an official place cannot be perfectly known until it is practically tested—least of all to a place requiring such a peculiar combination of qualities as the Executive chair, in these extraordinary days of the Republic. It is no time to risk anything. The same wise policy that would forbid a man of business in troublous times to change his agent of proved efficiency, impels the loyal people of our country to continue President Lincoln in his responsible position; and against the confirmed will of the people, politicians are powerless.

CONVICTED.—In the United States District Court, Judge McCandless, on Tuesday, the case of United States against Lewis Powelson and James L. Robertson, charged with shooting enrolling officer Doak, of Cross Creek, Washington county was brought to a close. The jury after an absence of about four hours returned with a verdict of guilty as indicted, but recommended defendants to the court. A motion for a new trial was made and reasons for the same filed.

A country youth who had returned home from London, was asked by his anxious father if he was guarded in his conduct while there. "Oh, yes," was the reply, "I was guarded by two policemen part of the time."

The Choice of the People.

The feeling of the country points with singular unanimity towards a common choice for the Presidential powers and the Presidential duties.—When the names carried at the head of our columns were first placed there, when the people of Pennsylvania, with a firm, strong hand, struck down the party which attacked the institution of freedom, as invidiously as the ranks of Lee, or the lines of Bragg, we named Abraham Lincoln as the best candidate for the Chief Magistracy of the Republic. The sentiment of the Union loyal people of the North, indicated that the honest son of Illinois was the man for the masses. His clear, open record is criticised all over with the story of a faithful, manly administrator, who never faltered in the discharge of his duties, although they were heavy and onerous beyond those that any previous President ever sustained. The reins of government were assumed when the horizon was bounded by heavy lowering clouds, and when gloom and darkness covered the nation like a pall of sorrow.—Conspirators were in league against the life of the nation, and the future promised little for the administration which came into power when the waves beat so high and tempestuous around the good ship Union. But the iron hand that guided the helm of the ship, directed her course through the darkness until the headlands of peace have become visible, and the harbor is near at hand.

Men never read a record so noble and honest before. The stern, rigid patriotism of the old backwoodsman of Illinois, whose heart beats in sympathy with the people, because, springing from their ranks, he is one of their own number, has won the approval of the whole Union. There are new evidences of the fact given every day. His popularity is to day above every statesman that ever fought for the honor and preservation of republican liberty. In Philadelphia the Union Leagues, those fearless pioneers and champions of Union, loyalty and liberty, were instituted, and among the first tributes to the worth of the President are the unanimous declarations of the Union Leagues of this city, that the President has deserved and should receive from the hands of a grateful people the gift of the office he has filled so well. And our own Legislature, true to the interests, true to the instincts of the grand old Commonwealth, actuated with commendable spirits when it pledged the favor of the Keystone to the man whom the Keystone prefers. That the people of the State will ratify and endorse that recommendation who can doubt! The yeomany of Pennsylvania are moving in unbroken tread for the son of Illinois. There will be no dissenting voice when the answer of the Keystone comes up, strong and full, to the query, ringing over the land, "Who is worthy to be the leader of the Union for the coming executive term?" And rising above the din of partisan strife and the clamor of partisan hosts, will response ring: Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.

The country is for him. The whole West thrills with the music of his name. The prairies are ablaze with the enthusiasm produced by the evidences of his deep-seated hold upon the hearts of the people. Not as the Democrats are the Union men prefer the issue of the approaching autumn. With indecision pervading their councils, and hesitancy marking every movement, they read beforehand the record of the country, and anticipate their defeat. There is no indecision in the councils of the Union men. With a unity that ensures success they have named their standard bearer, and around him they gather. There will be no brighter page in the legislative history of our country than the next four years will present. Inaugurated in war, the administration of President Lincoln will terminate in peace, and while the whole land, from Maine to Oregon, through the valleys of New England, through the plains of the midland and the prairies of the West, rings with the proud triumphant attestations of his worth, the nation's verdict will be given, that the hand that has guided us through the storm of war, shall hold the helm, now that peace seems returning to the land.

No Childhood.

We talk of Adam and Eve, says an exchange, as having been before the fall in a very happy condition; but one thing they missed—they never were children? Adam never played "hookey," he never drove a tandem of boys with a string. He never skated on a pond, or played ball or road down hill on a handsled. And Eve never made a playhouse; she never took tea with another little girl from a tea table set out with their tea things; she never rolled a hoop or jumped the rope, or pieced a baby quilt, or dressed a doll. They never played blindsman's buff, or pussy wants a corner, or hurlyburly, or any of the games with childhood sports itself. How blank their age must have been within.—No memories of early youth came swelling up there hearts; no visions of childhood floating back from the long past; no mother's voice chanting a lullaby to the err of infancy, in the still hour of night; no father's words of kindness speaking from the church-yard where he sleeps. Adam and Eve, and they alone of all the countless millions of men and women that have ever lived had no childhood.

Church Advertising.

The reader, in glancing at this heading, will doubtless suppose that we intend saying something in regard to advertising in the newspapers for the churches. We have no such idea, but design simply to refer to a practice of advertising *in the churches*, which strikes us as exceedingly objectionable. Since as the newspaper editor is to his daily and nightly toil, he looks forward to the coming of the week, which brings with it a sabbath, with real pleasure, and he must be indeed useless, if on the seventh day of the week, appointed by our Master for rest, he does not seek for, at least a short period, the sanctuary, the temple of the living God. Thanks to the best monitor that we have ever known in the world just to do this, and it may not be, but that dropping of that sanctuary opens as a healing balm against the rough and rugged contact with the world which all men alike must meet. But we regret to say that there is a drawback to even this source of pleasure and gratification, and it is to be found in the system of advertising practiced in our churches, and which is extending itself to a limit which according to our judgment is not warranted by the necessities of the case.

It is, of course, quite proper that the religious services which are to take place in the house where one is accustomed to worship, should be announced from the pulpit on the Lord's day; but we submit to our clerical friends that there is such a thing as running even this into extremes. Think, of the occupation of from five to ten minutes in reading advertisements from the pulpit, and this, too, immediately following a fervent and eloquent appeal in prayer to the Throne of Mercy. We confess that to the olfactories of an editor, it smells of the shop, to such an extend as to render him at least less at ease as he sits in the well cushioned pew which has been provided for his accommodation by the liberality of the vestry. Advertising is, of course, not only a very proper, but a very necessary thing, and it would be—as things go—strange, indeed, if we failed to say so, but we do not hesitate to say that the churches are not the places in which it should be done, unless in such cases as we have referred to.

ATTENTION, GENTLEMEN.—Fanny Fern thus speaks of etiquette at the table. We commend it to the careful consideration of [illegible] eating community. [illegible] When I see a man at the table use his knife in taking butter from the dish, I always set him down as a 'lumkin.' I have frequently been at watering places where a few unsophisticated young men have been stopping, and when I have seen them take their own table knives to procure butter, in preference to using the one supplied for the entire table, I always feel like saying right out loud 'Young man! where's your manners? Just imagine a person eating blackberry jam or beets with his knife, putting them into his mouth with it, and then before the faces of the entire company using that same knife in the butter from which others must take their supply. Ugh! horrors, it makes me sick to think of it! Then, after he has taken his knife away, just see him leave a great red or black streak on the butter. It makes me shudder to think of it. Always use the butter knife—remember that cleanliness in eating is as good a criterion to judge of one's character as neatness in dress.—

OUR PRESIDENTS.—George Washington, of Virginia, was President of the United States for eight years; John Adams, of Massachusetts, for a single term of four years; Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, was President for eight years; James Madison, of ditto, for eight years; John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, four years; Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, eight years; Martin Van Buren, of New York, four years; William Henry Harrison, of Ohio, one month; John Tyler of Virginia, three years and eleven months; James K. Polk, of Tennessee, four years; Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana, one year and four months; Millard Fillmore, of New York, two years and eight months; Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, four years, and James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, four years. It will be seen that during the seventy-two years which elapsed between the inauguration of George Washington, and the incoming of the Administration of Abraham Lincoln, the Slave States of the Union have had their citizens occupying the Presidential chair for forty-nine years and three months, while the Free States have had the same honor conferred upon their citizens, for twenty-two years and three months, considerably less than one third of the entire period.

A RIGHTEOUS JUDGMENT.—A certain green customer, who was a stranger to mirrors, and who stepped into the cabin of one of our ocean steamers, stopping in front of a large pier glass, which he took for a door, and said:

"I say, mister, when does this here boat start?"

Getting no reply from the dumb reflection before him, he again repeated:

"I say, mister, when does this here boat start?"

Incensed at the still silent figure, he broke out:

"Go to thunder you darned sassafras-colored, shock-headed bull-calf! You don't look as if you knew much, anyhow,

BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For President in 1864,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW G. CURTIN

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

☞ A good Adams printing press for sale at this office, price low.

☞ We call attention to the advertisement of John Reeves who offers a farm for rent.

☞ We will not condecend, at present, to notice the *limping* and brainless Jack-ass that furnished the editorial squibs for the last issue of the *Star*.

☞ Our thanks are due Messrs. Henry and Negley of the House, and Connell of the Senate for documentary favors.

☞ Dr. Thos. Donehoo, late of Wellsville, Ohio, having located in Beaver, will receive calls at his office, in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place, or door next the river.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.—The annual election for officers and managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, will be held in the sheriff's office in Beaver, on the first Monday of March, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested. By order of the PRESIDENT.

CORRECTION.—In the notice to Justices of the Peace in our last issue a number of mistakes in words and punctuation were made. In one or two instances it is difficult to understand the meaning from the change of words. We have not room to republish, and hope our readers will overlook the mistakes of the "*Devil*" who set up the piece.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.—At an adjourned meeting of the subscribers to the stock of First National Bank to be located at Beaver, Pa., the Committee was not prepared to report, and requested an adjournment to Saturday the 13th day of February, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House, agreed to, and a punctual attendance of the subscribers to said stock are respectfully requested.

THOS. M'CREERY, Chair'n.

Gen. Hancock.

We take great pleasure in calling the attention of the people of Beaver county to the advertisement of Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock the gallant commander of the 2d Army corps.

Gen. Hancock has received an order from the Government to raise fifty thousand men in Pennsylvania for special service, and will receive volunteers for various Pennsylvania Regiments.

The officers of the Government and the people have entire confidence in the great military skill and ability of Gen Hancock, than whom a braver or better man does not live. He is exceedingly kind to the men under his command, and careful of their lives and health, never leading them into danger without a reasonable prospect of success. He has proved himself upon a hundred battle fields one of the best and most valuable officers in our army. Those who enter the service in his corps may feel assured that they will be under a commander, who will lead them as but few can do. For prudence, bravery and heroic action he has no superior in this or any other country.

We are glad to see that our highly esteemed and gallant fellow-citizen W. S. Shallenberger, Adjutant of the 140th Regiment has been detailed for special recruiting service in this county for Gen Hancock's corps, and will receive volunteers for the 140th or any other Regiment. The bounties which are liberal will be promptly paid to the patriotic men who may enlist.

Adj't Shallenberger although young has already distinguished himself by his heroic conduct on several battle fields, especially at the battle of Gettysburg in defence of Pennsylvania, under our lamented friend Col. Roberts. He is certainly a most excellent, gentlemanly and kind hearted man, and those who serve with him, will be glad they have such an officer in the Regiment.

The 2d corps is famous for its admirable and superior officers for its discipline and bravery, among whom there is no one superior to Adjutant Shallenberger, who devotes his whole mind and energy to the duties of his profession and the care of his men.

We would advise all who desire to serve their country, in the field, and assist in speedily crushing out the rebellion to see the Adjutant at his office in New Brighton. The war will soon end, and the rewards of a grateful people will be accorded to those who nobly aid in the glorious result.

The Reign of Terror.

The present state of affairs in the revolted States presents the most complete picture of a reign of terror, since the horrible days of Robespierne and his associates, filled France with lamentation, and covered it with blood.

The soldiers who enlisted in their armies at the breaking out of the war, have been ruthlessly reconscripted, after the expiration of their time of service. Those who furnished substitutes have likewise been conscripted in the army, notwithstanding the protestations of the Government, that such should never be the case. As it now stands no one is exempted, those who have paid the highest price for substitutes, are no better off than if they had never furnished one.

Thus the Rebel Government has deliberately falsified its most solemn promises to its citizens, and not content with this has actually employed the agency of blood-hounds to pursue the trembling fugitives who are compelled to hide in the swamps and wilderness from the merciless press gang.

The Rebel Government, has also deceived its citizens in the matter of currency. The miserable apology for currency which they, compelled their people to take, was worthless at first, and the Government compelled its acceptance at the point of the bayonet, now that its notes have run down so that they are quoted at five dollars for a hundred, the Government, coolly proposes still further, to compel the holders of the notes to refund them in Confederate bonds which will create a still greater depreciation

Add to this, that the tenth of all that every farmer has is impressed by the Confederate authority for the use of the army, besides enormous taxes which are levied upon every branch of industry, and we have a picture of robbery not parailed, by the worst despotism of the Old World.

To these scenes of honor, must be added, the frightful starvation that exists in every portion of the Confederacy. The rebel soldier receives but about half a dollar a month for his allowance, and of course when he is compelled upon his pittance to maintain a family of half a dozen children, it is easy to conceive the result, beggary or something worse.

Such is the scene presented in that unhappy country, its lands desolated, its homes destroyed, its men wandering exiles, or wretched conscripts, its women and children, starving. This is the glorious Empire predicted by the Rhetts and Yancey's; this is the unhappy end to which the madness and folly of secession has led its blinded and deluded followers.

To this beautiful state of affairs would our loyal northern States have been ere this reduced, had we heeded the voices of those miserable copperhead demagogues, who would have persuaded the nation to reject old Abe for Jeff. Davis.

Let us beware of them in time, and never let them by their siren voices lure the loyal States to their destruction.

☞ The President has issued his Proclamation for five hundred thousand more men, to the end that this hell born rebellion may be speedily crushed. Let us make another grand rally for freedom and the right. Let us throw all party feeling aside, and acknowledge no political obligation save that of assisting, by all the means in our power, the constituted authorities of the land to destroy the causeless and wicked rebellion which threatens the destruction of our National Government.

ARRESTED.—John Berks, or who is commonly known by the name of "old Hanks," was arrested on last Saturday, on a charge of "assault and battery with intent to kill. It appears that some little boys were playing at marbles near the door of this old Hessian's shop. When he hobbled out and threw a red hot poker at them which struck an interesting and innocent little boy of David Woodruff, of Bridgewater, on the ankle cutting through the boot and sock and badly injuring the limb, the boy is probably disabled for life. Berks entered bail for his appearance at Court.

☞ Our member Mr. Henry has been highly honored by the Speaker of the House in the construction of the Committees. He has been appointed Chairman on the Committee to compare bills, and second on the Committee of Ways and Means, the leading Committee of that and every other legislative body. He is also on Education and printing both important Committees.

Mr. Henry will do credit to his constituents and honor to himself in whatever position he may be placed by honestly, faithfully and ably discharging his duties.

☞ It is stated that the snow is forty feet deep on the Rocky Mountains—a greater depth than has been previously known there for years.

The Veterans of the Union Army.

In a few months the term of service of a large portion of our armies will expire, and without the re-enlistement of our gallant and war-worn veterans, the government would be forced in the next spring to depend almost entirely on fresh and new troops, unaccustomed to the hardships of the camp, or the march or the field. Although we have the material in great abundance yet at home to make armies of as good men as ever fought on any battle field, yet men unaccustomed to war can never fight like veterans, such a State of things might, and would probably prove disastrous in the approaching final conflict for the maintenance of the National authority and the overthrow of this mighty rebellion. It must therefore be truly gratifying to every friend of his country that the soldiers of the army of the Potomac and the Cumberland are willingly accepting the generous offer of the government, and are re-enlisting in such large numbers, that it is more than probable that the organization of those armies will be maintained in all their original power. The soldier who has carried a musket since April 1861, and who has survived the diseases of the camp, the fatigue of the march, and the dangers of the battle field we feel confident is worth five new recraits who have never smelt powder. The veterans in the Virginia campaigns are soldiers who have no living superiors in the world, for courage, in patience, in physical endurance, and unswerving devotion to the flag. The men now composing the splendid army of the Potomac, and our armies everywhere have lost in suffering, that romantic courage and spirit of daring adventure, which at the beginning of the war hurried them into the ranks. But they have gained far more than they have lost Who in the north but has been often startled with the recital of the innumerable and heroic deeds of our brave and patriotic soldiers.

Without a murmur they have performed the most arduous and severe trials in doing their duty, and, ready and willing at all times in obedience to command to charge in the most spendid manner in the very face of certain destruction. We all know of what material our armies are composed, and it is surely the interest of the government, and the desire of every loyal man that every honor should be awarded them, and such bounties and pay be given to them as will show that their services are appreciated. Their value can no more be overrated than their valor.

What would have been the condition of an army of fresh volunteers in the position of the army of the Potomac, when driven back from Richmond to Harrison's Landing? The bravest and most skillful General in the world could not have been able to save it from destruction.

When the whole country was panic stricken at the occurrence of that terrible disaster, the veterans of the army of the Potomac, by their indomitable courage and self-confidence, changed it almost into a victory.

The readiness of the veterans of the armies of the Potomac and the Cumberland whose terms of service will expire during this year, to re enlist is not only honorable to their own bravery and loyalty, but in a high degree to the military system of the United States. If anything was wrong with that, no bounties could induce them to remain a day longer than their agreement required. These men know all about war, they know the sufferings to be endured the petty vexations, the dangers which no historian has written, and which no one can write. Yet they promptly answer to the call of their country, with a noble firmness, and as they saw the gloom and disastrous beginning of the war, they are willing to see its glorious end. What an example they have shown to the young men who have not yet taken any part in this great struggle for our national existence.

We have also reason to rejoice at the manifestations of the patriotism of the people in filling up the thinned ranks of our noble armies, everywhere the loyal men of the north are enlisting, that they may be with the veterans at the death of this terrible rebellion. By spring we will have an army that may defy a world in arms, arrayed against the cause of human freedom.

☞ At Leicster, Vermont, on the 27th ult, the wife of John C. Bullock died, and on the 28th his daughter deceased, and on the 29th the husband and father followed them to the grave. All were victims of diptheria.

☞ Miss Reynolds, a celebrated English horse-tamer and breaker, has recovered $250 from the Earl of Dudley for breaking in one of his unruly steeds.

The Presidency.

For many months it has been apparent to all intelligent men in the North that [illegible] would be likely to be [illegible] by the friends of the [illegible] the next President of the [illegible] be acceptable to the [illegible] as Abraham Lincoln. No man in the nation would at this time be so safe to conduct our public affairs. He appears to be peculiarly adapted to the great emergency, through which he has thus far so honorably and triumphantly conducted us; and hence we feel that he ought to be continued for another term in the office, until this tremendous treason is completely crushed out, and every traitor North and South is brought into entire subjugation to the laws of the Union. It cannot be denied, even by Mr. Lincoln's enemies, that he possesses in an extraordinary degree, great prudence and boldness and a peculiar adaptation of mind to the circumstances which surround him, and just that character which can alone save the Republic from destruction at the hands of conspirators. His extraordinary frankness has inspired every man with a sense of his thorough honesty of purpose and trustworthiness as a man, and which has been mainly the thing that has prevented faction from obtaining a fatal ascendency during the war.—By common consent, having entire confidence in him, the people have been willing to trust him with an amount of power to save the nation, which they would probably have been unwilling to have given to any other man. The bitter and incessant abuse heaped upon him by demagogues and ignorant and unprincipled partizans, sympathizing with treason, styling him a grasping usurper, a mean and selfish tyrant, a subverter of the constitution and free government, was felt by every good and loyal man to be utterly absurd and false. The absolute confidence with which by his honesty and ability, he inspired the people was that which secured to him perfect freedom to act, independent of factious opposition, and that alone saved the country, and the great cause of freedom. Every character of the man and all the facts before us go to show that Mr. Lincoln is the man singled out by providence to continue in the Presidential chair and to lead us until the rebellion shall be put down. And the authority of the government restored to every inch of Territory, and peace again smiles upon our beloved country.

The loyal members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania have signed an address to Mr. Lincoln, endorsing his administration of the Government, and sympathizing with the policy he has so successfully mantained through out the trying ordeal by which he has been so terribly tried since the first day he entered upon his duties.

The Legislature of California has done the same, and the gallant and patriotic State of Kansas has also expressed its entire confidence in him and endorsed fully his re-nomination. The press and the people everywhere are looking to him as the only man who can now successfully restore our country to its former condition of peace and prosperity.

But above all the results of the last fall elections in the loyal States were a full and complete endorsement of his whole policy. Their result inspired the valor of our brave armies, and the hopes of seeing him continued at the helm of the ship of State is again rapidly filling up the armies with veterans and other patriots, willing to battle on until every traitor is subjugated.

OBITUARY.

On Jan. 11th, 1864, CHESTER W. BLOSS, died after a brief illness, at the residence of his son-in-law, Capt. S. Hemphill, in Rochester, Beaver, county, Pa.

The deceased, whose usefulness as a citizen and christian character were so well known, deserves more than a passing notice. He was born Feb. 18th, 1784, in Plainfield, Sullivan county, New Hampshire, where he lived until he was seventeen years of age; he then removed to Vermont, where he afterwards studied law, and practiced in his profession more than twenty years. In 1832, he made a profession of his faith in Christ, and united with the Congregational Church. In Oct. 1837, he came to Beaver county, Pa., where he lived until the time of his disease, at which time he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, of Bridgewater. In this county he was the proprietor of a Hotel for nine years, was a justice of the peace, three years, and was Post-Master in Rochester, eight years, the duties of which office he discharged with the strictest fidelity. He was an humble and devoted christian, and during the latter part of his life waited and longed for the coming of his Saviour

Truly may it be said of him—
"How blest the righteous when he dies!
When sinks a weary soul to rest,
How mildly beam the closing eyes,
How gently heaves the expiring breast!
Life's duty done, as sinks the clay,
Light from its load the spirit flies;
While heaven and earth combines to say,
How blest the righteous when he dies."

They Have Lost Their Old Cunning.

In looking fairly at the proceedings of the Senate, and comparing the acts of the present Democratic leaders, with the course of the leaders of that party years ago, the most casual observer cannot fail to be impressed with the fact that they are losing their old cunning. If it had been possible for the Republicans, as partizans, to have marked out a course for the Democracy, from which to make capital against them, it could not have been done better to benefit our friends than the Democratic leaders themselves have furnished. Never before have politicians acted more unwisely. They have proven to the nation and to the Commonwealth, that office and not order—patronage and not peace, is the object of their aim and labors. Almost any other set of men but those who now rule the Democratic party, would have yielded the organization of the Senate to the majority, to whom it rightfully belongs. Almost any other set of men would have announced to the public that they came to the Senate to secure and promote the public interest to facilitate and push on the business of legislation, and instead of obstructing organization, to hasten its completion, by yielding it gracefully to those who have the right to fill its offices. But the Democratic leaders have lost their old cunning. Treason has not only blunted their consciences, but it has blinded their eyes. They have no other objects in view now but those which confer present benefits. They have no country to defend, and hence their hand, like that of the Ishmaelites, is against all men. They have no cause to uphold, and hence they are never satisfied unless they are assailing truth and justice, or jeopardizing law and order Truly, we may repeat, the Democracy have lost their old cunning. The once powerul leader of Democracy—men of soul and brain and heart and honor, have passed away, to give place to the leaders who represent the imbecility of the age, an imbecility animated only by the rancor of treason and the petty spites of party.

—It would seem as if it was a part of destiny that the Democratic leaders should be driven to political suicide.—Certainly they are most effectually cutting their own throats. In fact the vipers are stinging themselves to death!

THE DRAFT CONSTITUTIONAL.—It will be remembered that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, after the defeat of two of its members by the people, declared the conscription act unconstitutional. It was done in defiance of the uniform teachings of the framers of the constitution, and in the face of the fact, that the same court would reverse itself in a few weeks. But Judge Woodward must inflict his petty, impotent vengeance, and he hurled an opinion against the preservation of the government that was characterized by all the recklessness and bitterness of a stump speech from a disappointed politician.

Recently Judge Agnew became Judge in place of Lowery, and a motion was made to dissolve the preliminary injunction granted against the enforcement of the conscription act. It was ably argued and the injunction was dismissed, and the draft of the militia by Congress declared constitutional. Judge Woodward and Thompson of course dissented, but the irrevocable decision of the court declares the conscription in all respects lawful—Judge Agnew delivered an elaborate opinion concluding as follows:

"The constitutional authority to use the national forces creates a corresponding duty to provide a number adequate to the necessity. The duty is vital and essential, falling back on the fundamental right of self-preservation, and the power expressed to declare war, raise armies, maintain navies and, and provide for the common defence. Power and duty now go hand in hand with the extremity until every available man in the nation is called into service, if the emergency require it, and of this, there can be no judge but Congress.

"They may proceed therefore to the exhaustion of the whole element from which the State draws its militia, for the people under the powers are the same; while the supremacy of the national power, provided in section 2 of article 6, necessarily draws to itself the whole number if required by the exigency, to the exclusion of the State power.

"And in reason why should a major power be restricted by a minor. The power to raise armies comprehends for its purposes the whole scope of the purposes of armies, while the authority to call out the militia is confined to the enumerate three."—*Franklin Repository.*

☞ If there is a Democrat in the Pennsylvania Senate who desires to immortalize himself in the estimation of honorable and patriotic men—who would be a manly and generous act—who would show to the nation and the Commonwealth, that he is really greatful to those who are periling there lives in defence of the Government—if there is such a Democrat in the Senate, *let him pair off with Senator White* Before such an act of noble courtesy, party malignity would be struck dumb—in such an attitude the people would support any man, as having not only discharged his full duty to his "party," but as having made a precedent which would save our legislative bodies from the disgrace which is now being heaped upon the Senate of Pennsylvania. Senator White is absent from his seat, detained by enemies of his country. What Democratic friends of that country will display the courage and the honor of parting off with him!

☞ Henry Ward Beecher has been presented by his congregation with the sum of $5,000, in addition to his present salary of $7,500.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 75
Dried Apples per bushel			1 50
do Peaches	"	"	3 50
Wheat	"	"	1 25
Corn	"	"	1 20
Rye	"	"	1 00
Oats	"	"	75
Barley	"	"	
Clover Seed,	"	"	6 00
Timothy Seed,	"	"	3 00
Flax Seed,	"	"	3 00
Beans,	"	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	"	70
Onions,	"	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	"	1 25
Eggs,	"	dozen	20
Butter,	"	lb	30
Hams,	"	"	18
Shoulders,	"	"	8
Sides,	"	"	9
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	16
Candles,	"	"	16
Soap,	"	"	10
Molasses,	"	Gallon	75
Carbon Oil,	"	"	75

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Nov 16, 1863.—*Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:*

8:30 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	10:00 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" "	3:50 P. M.
6:54 P. M.	" "	8:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:15 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:45 A. M.
2:00 P. M.	" "	4:25 P. M.
1:45 P. M.	Rochester	3:00 P. M.
1:45 A. M.	"	3:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	6:40 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	7:10 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
4th Brighton "	3:00 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:05 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:05 P. M.	3:50 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Crostline Accom.	2:15 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	4:30 P. M.	6:10 P. M.
4th " "	5:40 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:45 A. M.	3:00 A. M.
2d Express,	1:44 P. M.	3:00 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Nov. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active		$68,724 48
Same under protest		100 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds.		82,300 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes.		4,850 00
Furniture and office fixtures		1,958 95
Due from other banks		17,075 56
Notes and checks of other banks and		
U. S. Treasury notes		35,718 85
Coin in vault		7,196 08
Protest account		1 41
		$216,925 33

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 95,050 00	
Notes in circulation	1,400 00	
Due depositors	112,867 25	
Due the Commonwealth	2,720 17	
Profits and earnings	767 16	
Dividends unpaid	4,620 75	
	$216,925 33	

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 5th day of November, A. D., 1863.

H. B. BRISEL, J. P.

List of Causes for Trial March Term, 1864, Commencing 1st Monday.

1ST WEEK.

J. W. Decker's ex't	vs	John Mellon, et al
Jacob J. Ness,	"	John Bake's Adm's
Lukens & Beeson,	"	Darlington M E church
James Collins & Co.,	"	W. M. Shirts, et al
Patterson Davidson	"	Martha Souders
A. R. Nye,	"	William Gill, et al
T. & W. Walton,	"	Carroll Martin et al
John H. Camp,	"	Wm. Alexander, Jr.

2ND WEEK.

Robert Hall,	vs	Alexander Robertson
James F. Scott,	"	Samuel Reed
Abraham H. Datis,	"	Thomas K. Watt
John Beatty's Ex'r	"	N. C. & B. V. R. R. Co.
William Jones,	"	same
Andrew Smiley,	"	same
Abram Toms,	"	Geo. Alexander
Commonwealth use,	"	John Duff's Executor
Alfred Campbell,	"	R. Campbell's Adm'rs
Fred. Kizer et use,	"	Wm. Welsh, et al
J. S McCoy's ex't	"	James H. Trimble, et al

Feb. 1, 1864. M. WEYAND, Proth'y.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., Feb. 1st, 1864:

Becker John	McConnell Malinda
Borks John	Seyler James
Bradly Clarissa	Simpson Miss Mary
Campbell Andrew	Schadt Mr. G
Carry William	Stewart P J
Daily Miss Nancy	Seabold Mrs Mary J
Decker J A	Smith Miss Laureta
Evans Miss Hattie	Thompson Mrs. Nancy
Eliot Mrs. Charlotte	Thompson John
Grinder George	Jurver George
Helms Mary A	Taylor E M
Jasen Even	Young Joseph F
Mercer Levi	Zinkhaun Margaret
Merriman Miss Ada 3	

"Clairvoyant"—Miss Sally——

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Jan. 30, 1864.

Carothers, T C	Knox, M A
Calhoun, Austin	Kramer, John
Ewing, George	McQuiston Maggie
Harvey, James	Merriman, Mary J
Hutchison, James C	Phillis, Rebecca
Hideiger, John J.	Rodgers, Clark
Hustin James	Strock, David
Henderson, Wm	Wright, Lou
Jolly, Capt. Jack	

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY COWAN, Sr., late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

HENRY COWAN, Jr., Adm'r.

feb3'64.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts which have been passed and filed in the Registers Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.

The first and final account of Michael Conkle, Sr., Administrator of the estate of John Conkle, dec'd.

Final account of James Nelson, administrator of the estate of Thomas Moore, deceased.

The final account of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Patrick Keating, dec'd.

The final account (real and personal) of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator, de bonis non, with will annexed of John Smith, dec'd.

The final account (personal) of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The final account of John Eidemiller, administrator of the estate of J. C. Iehle, dec'd.

The final account of Jacob Householder, executor of the last will of Philip H. Fling, dec'd.

The final account of Eli Ramsey, acting executor of the last will of Robert Ramsey, dec'd.

The final account of John Garrard, administrator of the estate of John Easton, dec'd.

The final account of James Todd, Jr., administrator of the estate of James Todd, Sr., dec'd.

The first and final account of Daniel M. Donehoo, administrator of the estate of John Glenn, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of William K. Boden, administrator of Samuel S. Hamilton, dec'd.

The final account of William K. Boden, administrator of Francis Murrel, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of Richey Eakin, executor of the last will of David Eakin, sr., dec'd.

The final accounts (real and personal) of Richey Eakin executor of the last will of David Eakin, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Brittain, Guardian of Josiah H. & Ann Elizabeth Brittain, minor heirs of John Brittain, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of R. M. Rhodes, Guardian of William, Elijah, Sarah Jane & Ann Eliza Powell, minor children of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Daniel Risinger, Guardian of Wm. Morton, jr., minor son of Wm. Morton, sr., dec'd.

The Guardian account of Benj. M'Farlin, Guardian of Mary Emma Powell, minor daughter of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Jos. C. Wilson, Guardian of Maria J. Scott, minor heir of James Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Mehaffey, Guardian of Elizabeth J. & Mary Agnes Glenn, minor heirs of John Glenn, dec'd.

The Guardian account of P. Mulvaney, Guardian of Edwin H. Douds, minor son of James H. Douds, dec'd.

The Guardian account of John Thomas, Guardian of Thomas B. Daniels, minor son of Daniel Daniels.

The Guardian account of Jackman T. Stockdale, Guardian of Susan E. Calhoun, minor heir of Thos. D. Calhoun, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Weaver, Guardian of Sebastian, Stephen and Ellen Small, minor children of Martin Small, dec'd.

The Account of Regina Miller, Administratrix of John Miller, dec'd, who was Guardian of John, Martin, Catharine and Adam Freshcorn, minor children of Adam Freshcorn, deceased.

The Account (real estate) of Wm. Whan, administrator of the estate of Clement Z. Sanders, dec'd.

Notice in the Orphans' Court

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, and approved *nisi*.

Personal property to the amount of $300, elected to be retained by the widow of Jeremiah Hanibal, late of Economy township, deceased, Charles Brown, Adm'r.

Real and personal property to the amount of $198, by widow of Samuel Miller, late of New Gallilee, deceased, William Wham, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of John Ewing, late of the Borough of Frankfort, deceased, Thomas Nicholson, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Christian Leffler, late of Brighton township, deceased, Peter Angel, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of George Dawson, late of the Borough of Glassgow, deceased, Benonit R. Dawson, William Dawson, Ex'rs.

Personal property to the amount of $300, 20, by widow of Milton McMinn, late of Darlington township, deceased, I. A. W. Edgar, Esq., Adm'r., Mary Jane McMinn, Adm'x.

Real Estate, lot No 7, situate in the Borough of New Brighton, claimed to be retained in part or otherwise to the amount of $300, by widow of Francis Webb, late of New Brighton, deceased, Mary J. Webb, Ex'rx.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Dr. George W. Allison, late of the Borough of Beaver, deceased, Thomas Allison, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of James Reed, Sr., late of Hanover township, deceased, James Reed, Jr., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300 by the widow of Terran T. Shaffer, deceased, late of the borough of New Brighton.

BENJAMIN BEDISON, Adm'r.
SARAH E. SHAFFER, Adm'x.
JOHN A. FRAZIER.
Beaver, Feb. 3d, 1864. Clerk.

A Valuable Farm For Sale!

THE subscriber will sell a tract of land, situate in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Pa., containg about 114 acres, on the State Road from Beaver to New Castle, near the Conequenessing Bridge. The land is of a superior character, called locust land—very productive, and being first and second creek bottom, can nearly all be made into meadow. It is well watered by good springs of excellent water. There are about 80 acres cleared, the balance in timber. Coal is abundant near the Farm. There is on the premises, a good two-story Frame House, in which a Store and Post Office are now kept, with a good Stable and out-buildings. There is a Grist and Sawmill, within half a mile—A Presbyterian and Baptist Churches, and a male and female Seminary, and Common Schools, within less than a mile. The neighborhood is good. Persons desirous of having a good Farm with superior advantages around it, have now an opportunity of purchasing.

WM. B. CLARKE,
Att'y at Law.
Beaver, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN M. LUKENS, late of the boro. of Rochester Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY LUKINS, Adm'rx.
feb3'64. Rochester, Pa.

FOR RENT.

A well cultivated farm near New Brighton, Pa., on very reasonable terms.

Well watered, good buildings and fine fruit trees. For further particulars enquire of JOHN REEVES.

Feb. 3,—3w New Brighton, Pa.

Notice in the Orphan's Court.

THE following named accounts have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphan's Court for Beaver county, to-wit:

The account of Wm. K. Boden, Trustee appointed to make sale of real estate of Robert Robertson, dec'd.

Also the account of same as Trustee appointed to make sale of real estate of Abraham Wolf, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in said accounts, that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday the 9th day of March, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

feb3

NOTICE.

Joseph Dunlap vs. Sarah Dunlap.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 4, Sept. Term, 1863. Libel in Divorce.

To the respondent in above case:—You are hereby notified to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, at a Court to be held in Beaver, in said county, on the 1st Monday (7th day) of March, 1864, to answer the complaint of Joseph Dunlap in the above case.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

Beaver, Jan. 5, '64.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—In the Orphans' Court of said County, in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased. To John B. Smith, Isaac Jamison and Susan his wife, heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, and all others interested: Take notice that an Inquisition, to make partition and valuation of said real estate, will be held upon the premises on the 18th day of December, 1863, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

dec2

House and Lot for Sale.

SITUATE in the most business part of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. There is a large Store Room, well finished, on said property —lately occupied by Wilson & McGaffick, now occupied by Anderson & Orr. The dwelling part, now occupied by the subscriber, is well calculated for a Tavern stand. Good stabling, cistern, Ice House, Ware House, and all necessary out-buildings. For particulars enquire of

J. C. WILSON.

Beaver, Dec. 16, '63.

Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Oct. 12, 1863.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting, will be held at the Banking House, in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 3d day of November ensuing, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M. And the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, at the same place, on Monday, the 16th, day of November, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

Dividend No. 11.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov 7, 1863.

THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, free of the Government tax, on demand.

EDWARD HOOPS,
nov11'63 Cashier

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO out lots—No. 14 and 15—situated in the town of Beaver, late the estate of Dr. S. Cunningham, dec'd., is now offered for sale. For further particulars enquire of

D. S. MARQUIS, Ex'r.,
jan] Rochester, Pa.

Valuable

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot belonging to the heirs of Col. Joseph H. Wilson, deceased, situate on the North side of the Diamond, in the boro' of Beaver. Also out-lot No. 16, adjoining the east end of said borough, containing Eight Acres, is now offered for sale. For particulars enquire of

JOHN H. WILSON, Franklin tp. or
A. R. MOORE, Beaver.

dec23,63

T. M. McCord, Notary Public.

OFFICE WITH

B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATTY AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's office,)
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Dr. GEORGE W. ALLISON, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS ALLISON, Administrator.
dec1,'63-6t. Bridgewater, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, letters of administration on the estate of Jas. Reed, sr., late of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES REED, jr., Adm'r.,
jan6'64, Hanover tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ISAAC PEIRCE, late of Big Beaver tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN W. PEIRCE, Administrator,
jan6'64 Darlington.

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN

The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.

dec16]

Estate of Col. R. P. Roberts.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Col. RICHARD P. ROBERTS, late of the borough of Beaver, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immdiate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. HENRY, Executor & Trustee.
Fallston, Dec. 21, '63.

T. J. CHANDLER, SURGEON DENTIST,

IS at his post again, at BEAVER STATION, Rochester Pa., where he will attend to all the various branches of his profession. He applies all the improved methods to prevent pain in the extracting teeth.

P. S. Work warranted. [jan13'64

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

AT THE TREASURY OF BEAVER COUNTY, DURING THE YEAR 1863.

STATEMENT.

Dr. RECEIPTS. Cr.

To Cash received during the year, as per Treasurer's account, exclusive of balance of last year,		$53,765 68
		$53,765 68

Cr. EXPENDITURES.

By warrants issued during the year on the following accounts, viz:			
Agricultural Society, per Act of Assembly,			$100 00
Assessors' pay—Assessments &c.,			443 75
Auditor' pay—William Chaney,		$40 00	
do William K. Boden,		46 00	
do John Stewart,		32 00	
do Joseph Ledlie, (State Auditor)		33 00	151 00
Borrowed money, Bonds and Bounty Loans,		4,200 00	
do Warrants for Bounty Loans 1862,		31,011 00	
do do do 1863,		8,933 00	
do Interests on Bonds and Bounty Loans,		5,425 68	43,595 68
Bridges—building,		$1,057 87	
do repairing &c.,		237 63	1,275 50
Commissioners' pay—James Wilson,		366 00	
do do —Daniel B. Short,		424 00	
do do —William Barnes,		423 00	
do do —John H. Beghley		94 00	1,312 00
Clerk to Commissioners, Richard H. Agnew,			350 00
Counsel to do Roberts & Hice, Esq.,			100 00
Commonwealth cases viz:			
Clerk Quarter Sessions, fees,		148 50	
Constables' fees,		124 28	
District Attorneys' fees, including Counsel in the Barker case,		525 81	
Boarding and washing, prisoners,		819 53	
Ironing prisoners, $1,25, Jailors fees, $20.00		21 25	
Jurors Boarding of, $96.00, Justices fess, $21.18;		117 18	
Physicians at Jail,		64 80	
Sheriff conveying convicts to Penitentiary &c.,		56 00	
Watchman at Jail,		164 00	
Witnesses fees,		731 30	2,782 85
Execution of E. F. Shuts, viz:			
Recapture, after escape from prison,		134 76	
Scaffold, coffin and other expenses,		46 46	
Sheriff executing Death Warrant,		12 00	
Subsisting Guard at Execution,		11 48	204 69
Ooroners Inquest—Coroners fees,		42 59	
do Jurors and Witnesses,		27 25	
do Expenses, of,		15 95	
do Post mortem examinations,		42 20	127 99
Courts expenses, viz:			
Clerk Quarter Session, general fees,		106 02	
Constables attending,		178 38	
Constables returns and mileage,		79 86	
Criers of Court,		64 00	
Grand Jurors, $420,07; Petit Jurors $1656.56,		2,076 63	
Janitor of Court House, John Gibson,		102 50	
Prothonotary's fees,		50 11	
Sheriff, summoning Jurors,		108 00	2765 50

Cr. EXPENDITURES. Dr.

By amount brought forward,			$54,288 96
Court House Office and Jail, viz:			
Dockets, Duplicates, Stationery, &c.,		194 85	
Firing Furnace, Attendance, &c., at Jail,		250 00	
Fuel, &c., C. H., $171.60; Jail $234.96,		406 56	
Incidental expenses, C. H., $90; Jail $53.42,		144 03	
Printing $291.40; Postage $7.31,		301 71	
Recorder's Fee,		3 75	
Repairs, C. H., $44.19; Jail $196.23,		240 40	1543 30
Elections, General and Township, viz:			
Assessors attending, lists, &c.,		123 80	
Constables do notices, &c.,		155 74	
Election officers' pay,		688 74	
Use of houses, fuel, lights, &c.,		52 47	980 75
Hospital—Western Pa., support of inmates,		386 42	
House of Refuge, do do		554 45	
do conveying to,		23 25	
Western Penitentiary—support of convicts,		87 28	1000 40
Jusices fees, swearing county and township officers, and issuing certificates of Fox scalps,			82 75
Poor House, support of paupers,		5160 00	
do Directors' pay, Henry Goehring,		25 00	
do do John White,		25 00	
do do Samuel Wilson,		25 00	5,225 00
Railroad Bonds and Coupons,			3,767 79
Taxes—abatements and exonerations,		75 84	
Errors in assessment, &c.,		20 96	
Harmony Society—on Railroad Bonds, 1861, '62 & '63 refunded,		4828 73	
Lost Taxes, Collectors' returns of,		712 31	
Militia Fines, 1858 & prior, uncollectable,		110 00	
Supervision Returns, Unseated Lands,		2 75	
Taxes and costs refunded in land improperly sold,		18 75	
do and Interest due State, arrearges for years, prior to 1862,		3088 43	8857 77
Volunteers, Bounties for 1862,		325 00	
do Relief of Families of,		3834 95	
do Secretary of Relief Bond,		50 00	4209 95
			$79,926 68
Deduct Warrants for *Bounty Loans* 1862*			31,017 00*
Nett amount warrants, 1863,			48,909 68
Excess, Nett receipts,			4,856 00
			$53,765 68

*This amount, $31,017 00 was not reported in 1862, among the issues of warrants for that year. At the time of issue, the understanding was that those warrants would be lifted by bonds, when an act for the purpose could be procured. Under the impression that in this State of *tra ition*, they were not properly included among the issues of their year, as they would be substituted by bonds, and never redeemed as warrants in the ordinary manner; but their interest as accruing paid by other warrants, and the bonds principel and interest finally paid by warrants for the purpose, (those lifted by bonds having been then already cancelled and filed away)—thus effecting a reduplication of the same warrants—they were omitted in last year's report. Subsequently, however, the Legislature by an act legalized them as evidences of indebtness against the County, and the holders were willing to retain them as such, until finally redeemed;—excepting in one instance where, at the holder's request two of them, (amounting to $500) were lifted by bonds.—Finding this omission thus rendered erroneous, and not desiring to withhold the knowledge, (although in fact imparted by the Treasurer's and Stock accounts in amounts borrowed and outstanding at the end of 1862) they are now included in the Expenditures of this year, as of 1862, and deducted at the end of the account to show the *act i tlatter* of 1863. The warrants for bounties *converted into Loans* to the County, were reported last year as embraced in the amount of *Bounties paid*.

Dr. BEAVER COUNTY STOCK. Cr.

JANUARY 4, 1864.				JANUARY 4, 1864.		
To amount outstanding on general warrants	336 83			By balance in Treasurer's hands,		2,590 84
" " " " Bounty Loans,	27,286 68	27,623 51		" " " am't in Collectors' hands, prior to 1863,	385 21	
" " " " Bonds &c.,		56,566 43		" " " " for "	4,968 51	5,353 72
				" " " " collected lands, prior	158 70	
				" " " " for "	145 62	304 32
				" John Roberts, Sheriff, prior to "	108 87	
				" do do do " "	224 82	351 69
				" H. Sutherland, for stove,		19 00
				Balance,		78,570 07
		$87,189 94				$87,189 94

Given under our hands and Seal of Office, at Beaver, this 28th Day of January, A. D. 1864.

SEAL

Attest: RICHARD H. AGNEW, Clerk.

DANIEL B. SHORT,
WILLIAM BARNES,
JOHN H. BIEGLEY,
Commissioners.

ACCOUNT OF ALL MONEYS

Rec'd and Expended by the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Beaver Co. for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863.

STATEMENT.

Dr. Receipts.

Balance in Treasury Dec. 31, 1862,			$7 17
To cash rec'd of County Treasurer,		5150 00	
" " " James Britten Committee,		154 33	
" " " proceeds of farm &c.,		118 15	5429 48
			$5429 65

Cr. Expenditures.

By cash paid, for Merchandize and groceries,		$594 55
" " Support of insane paupers,		1594 08
" " do out-door do		837 58
" " Flour, wheat, meat and butter,		441 97
" " Coal,		222 29
" " Insurance,		35 25
" " Clothing and Shoes,		87 04
" " Ferriage and Toll,		25 85
" " Stove fixture and chairs,		8 00
" " Constables' and Justices' fees,		35 29
" " Taxes $3,20; recording Deed; $1,85;		5 05
" " Clover seed,		7 00
" " Smithing and Threshing,		38 95
" " Coffins,		28 62
" " Postage and subscription to "Argus" & "Star"		7 53
" " Advertising receipts and expenditures 1862,		23 00
" " Male and female hire,		370 37
" " Stewards' salaries,		337 50
" " Miscellaneous items,		17 47
" " Removing privy,		2 00
" " Medical attendance, out-door paupers,		59 69
" " Removing paupers,		102 99
" " Stock hogs and cattle,		213 50
Am't carried forward,		4605 52

Expenditures.

By amount brought forward,	$4605 52
" cash paid payment on farm,	200 00
" " Treasurer and Attorney,	95 00
" " Lumber,	37 75
" " Building grain house &c.,	30 00
" " Skiff,	19 00
" " Kitchen ware and repairing,	14 30
" " Farming utensils and repairing wagon,	18 27
" " Repairing buildings,	52 89
" " Physician's salary,	99 97
" " Directors' do extra,	82 00
" " Drugs,	8 00
" " Carding and spinning, &c.,	4 55
" " Balance in Treasury Dec. 31, 1863,	22 240
	$5429 65

NOTE.—Of the above amount $1168.34 were disbursed by James Brittain, the late Stewart, $4,038, William Shroads, present Stewart.

GEORGE C. BRADSHAW, ESQ., IN ACC'T WITH BEAVER COUNTY

Dr. Cr.

JANUARY 4, 1863.				JANUARY 4, 1864.			
To balance in Treasurer's hands			$8,935 26	By cash paid on general warrants,			$55,599 87
" cash received on unseated land, prior to 1863;	22 87			" " on road views,		155 00	
" " " of collectors, " "	6,660 49			" " " Fox scalps,		60 00	
" " " do interest, " "	142 43	6,825 79		" " " redemptions of unseated lands,		111 55	426 55
" " " tax-payers, before Aug. 1st;	30,236 50			" abatements allowed tax-payers,		1,511 82	
" " " do " Sept. 1st,	1,341 54			" Commissions allowed collectors of militia fines,		32 88	
" " " collectors for 1863,	7,299 70			" exonerations " " "		355 50	1,900 20
" " " do poll tax at elections,	03 57	38,943 31		" Treas. comm'n on amount rec'd, $57,342.94 at 2 per cent		1,146 85	
" John Brown, bond for costs,	181 50			" do do borrowed money $1405.10c			
" J. Patterson do "	10 00	191 50		1 per cent.		14 05	
" Eli Reed, *Coroner*,		90		" do do paid out $56,728 92c 2 pr. ct.		1,125 58	2,286 48
" James Wilson, for brick & stones,		1 50		Balance,			2,590 84
" Washington Co. half repair bridges,		181 25					
" Relief money returned,		9 00					
" borrowed money,	5,358 00						
" redemption moneys,	107 40	5,465 40					
" levy of militia fines, 1863,		865 00					
" Excess of premium from State, over 5 per ct. allowed tax-payers,		197 81					
" omitted on tax-book, but collected,		53 24					
" State Treasurer, refunded by "Board of Claims," Volunteer's Uniforms &c., 1861,		1175 98					
		$62,700 94					$62,700 94
To balance in Treasurers hands, Jan. 4, 1864,		$2590 84					

BEAVER ACADEMY.

Dr. L. GRIM, TREASURER IN ACC'T WITH BEAVER ACADEMY, FOR THE YEAR 1863. CR.

To Balance in Treasury per last report,	694 53	By	paid	S. B. Mercer, warrant,	67 00
" cash of Wm. Cairns on judgment,	85 00	"	"	Thos. Allison, Treas.,	150 00
" " John Border, rent,	35 00	"	"	Rev. W. W. Laverty,	110 00
" " Proceeds of sale, Academy,	1500 00	"	"	Rev. D. A. Cunningham, building,	30 50
" " bank of Pittsburgh, May and Nov., dividend,	400 00	"	"	D. Ramsey, new building,	500 00
" " Bridgewater Presbyterian Church,	50 00	"	"	S. B. Mercer,	134 00
		"	"	D. Ramsey;	1000 00
				do,	200 00
		"	"	S. B. Mercer,	150 00
		"	"	Treasurer's salary, 1 year,	25 00
				Balance,	198 03
	$2564 53				$2564 53

Exhibit of the Finances of Beaver Academy, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863.

Am't of judgments and bonds, with interest,	907 25	By Am't brought forward,	$7533 89
" " Notes for Tuition, " "	126 64	" One Piano (valued at)	75 00
" " Bal. purchase money, Academy buildings,	1500 00	" Am't Academy lot with new improvements unfinished, valued in present condition, at	2000 00
" " Bank Stock,	5000 00	" Cash in Treasury,	198 00
Am't carried forward,	$7533 89		$9806 89

BEAVER COUNTY, ss.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Beaver County, do hereby certify, that we have examined and audited the foregoing account of Philip L. Grim, Treasurer of Beaver Academy, together with the vouchers for the same and Exhibit of the Stock of said Academy, and believe the same to be correct as they stand stated. In witness whereof, we have hereto set our hands this 4th day of January, A. D., 1864.

JOHN STEWART,
WILLIAM CHANEY,
J. McCLURE, } Auditors.

TABLE OF TAXES LAID IN THE SEVERAL TOWNSHIPS FOR COUNTY PURPOSES, AND Amounts Credited and Due by Collectors for the year 1863. Also balance due on State Tax.

TOWNSHIPS &c.	Levy of 1863.	Gr's am't pd. Treas of Aug. 1	Gr's am't pd treas. of Sep. 1	Charg'd to Collect's	Paid by Collectors.	Unseated Lands.	Com all'd Cols.	Due by Collectors Co. Tax.	Due by Collectors St. Tax.	COLLECTORS.
Beaver boro	1394 87	1142 71	18 36	233 80	151 75	6 52		75 53		James H. Dungan.
Big Beaver tp	1621 96	1089 40	25 84	506 72	319 99	6 81		179 92		Hugh Marshall, Jr.
Borough tp	950 71	688 68	51 45	210 60	111 72	7 54		91 34		James H. Dungan.
Bridgewater boro	1008 00	744 90	23 66	240 44	54 46	15 42		170 56		William Barnes.
Brighton tp	1467 48	1097 12	127 41	242 90	222 08	8 68	12 14			Andrew Carothers.
Chippewa tp	1211 20	840 25	56 10	614 85	403 28	5 83		205 74		William Lindsay.
Darlington boro	301 74	181 46		120 28	35 55	14 00		70 73		Alex. Anderson.
Darlington tp	2066 40	1275 04	73 87	720 49	684 34	... 13	36 02			James Murray.
Economy tp	1879 94	1007 22	86 86	835 86	203 74	2 40		729 72		Daniel J. Campton.
Fallston boro	619 10	464 80	19 56	144 80	134 44	3 12	7 24			Thomas Parrott.
Frankfort boro	214 59	173 58	4 76	38 50	36 57		1 93			Hugh McCutchen.
Franklin tp	969 99	814 00	11 60	144 39	88 47			55 92		Tobias S. Nye.
Freedom boro	580 31	405 02	6 10	169 13	100 08		8 45			Christian Haller.
Georgetown boro	267 92	152 94		114 98	87 00	1 00		26 98	28 97	R. D. Dawson.
Glasgow boro	184 51	59 50		125 01	77 82	1 50		45 69		Daniel M. Russell.
Greene tp	1957 91	1298 00	29 48	630 43	320 35			310 08		Samuel Leeper.
Hanover tp	2721 29	2058 78	198 53	464 03	232 88	... 50		230 65		Robert Keiffer.
Harmony tp	4748 22	4748 22								Treasurer.
Hookstown boro	311 70	217 58		94 12	89 42		4 74			Nathaniel Blackmore.
Hopewell tp	1741 37	910 41	62 16	768 80	150 77			618 03		Joseph A. Fleming.
Independence tp	1292 63	825 58	18 24	448 21	173 50			274 71		Daniel Alexander.
Industry tp	842 95	375 69	41 20	426 06	127 06	8 33		290 67		Joseph Ammon.
Marion tp	594 32	477 85	... 66	116 81	33 45			82 36		Henry Schramm.
Moon tp	1171 79	632 25	44 43	495 11	154 75			340 36		Charles Johnston.
New Brighton boro	2398 47	1256 32	64 69	1077 46	1000 71	22 88	53 87			William Rebont.
New Sewickly tp	1906 48	1118 34	58 49	729 65	223 52	4 03		502 10		William Zinkhorn.
North Sewickly tp	1842 09	860 49	46 45	435 15	282 36	3 32		149 47		Richard S. Barton.
Ohio tp	1892 10	1254 04	108 97	469 09	440 14	5 50	23 45			William L. Rayl.
Patterson tp	555 00	330 64		224 36	8 15	3 00		218 21		James Wilson.
Phillipsburgh boro	420 17	367 84		52 33	49 72		2 61			George Vogt.
Pulaski tp	725 97	413 35	18 05	294 57	147 92	6 40		140 25		Hugh M'Guire.
Raccoon tp	1435 01	918 26	85 94	430 81	297 06	... 52		133 24		Samuel Gormley.
Rochester boro	1377 61	895 92	57 08	484 61	449 06	11 80	24 23			J. B. Breckenridge.
Rochester tp	560 83	321 56	24 54	214 73	176 29	12 19		26 25		Thomas Hays.
South Beaver tp	1507 01	1194 06	28 02	284 93	270 69		14 24			Robert B. Rayl.
	44181 05	50236 50	1841 54	12603 01	7299 70	145 92	188 88	4968 51	28 97	

Delinquent Collectors for Years Prior to 1863, and Balances of Taxes Due January 4, 1863.

COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS &c.	Yr's	Co Tax	St Tax	COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS &c.	Yr's	Co. tax	St tax
William Thompson	Darlington tp	1852	47 62	15 78	Amount brought forward			181 56	116 43
Elihu Evans	Patterson tp	1856	124 42	100 70	Benoni Dawson	Glasgow boro	1859	51 91	8 16
Robert Nelson	Pulaski tp	1858	9 52		Geo. W. Shrouds	Moon tp	1861	151 74	
Amounts carried forward			181 56	116 43				385 21	124 59

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

Account of Collateral Inheritance Taxes received and disbursed by Alfred R. Moore, Esq., Register, during the year ending November 30, 1863

1863.			1863		
To Balance due last year,		3 33	February 2, By State Treasurer's Receipts,		3 33
" Cash received from estate of Stephen Stone,		371 30	" " 28, " " " "		352 74
" " " " "	John Shafer,	54 43	March 28, " " " "		97 09
" " " " "	Jane Shafer,	26 85	April 21, " " " "		38 88
" " " " "	Mary J. Shafer,	22 49	May 13, " " " "		279 28
" " " " "	John Boggs,	42 50	July 30, " " " "		17 90
" " " " "	Rebecca Hull,	125 88	Aug. 5, " " " "		41 00
" " " " "	Thompson Hull,	169 68	Sept. 30, " " " "		98 71
" " " " "	John Shafer,	4 50	Nov. 10, " " " "		14 09
" " " " "	Alex. M. Anderson,	18 85	" " Appraisers' receipts,		4 50
" " " " "	James Miscampbell,	38 59	" Commission on $1018,92a5 pr ct.		50 94
" " " " "	Nathan Thompson,	103 90	Balance due Commonwealth,		20 26
" " " " "	Hannah Shannon,	16 62			
" " " " "	Rhebe A. Strickland,	30 00			
		$1018 92			$1018 92

BEAVER COUNTY, ss.

I do hereby certify, that the above is a true Statement of the Collateral Inheritance Taxes as received and disbursed by Alfred R. Moore, Esq., Register in and for the County of Beaver during the year ending November 30, A. D. 1863.

M. B. WELSH,
Auditor

To the Commissioners of Beaver County.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY,
Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD,
Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN,
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HON. JAMES McFEETERS,
Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH,
Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr.,
Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK,
Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

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Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUHL,
Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HEMAN L. PAGE,
Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN,
Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR,
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Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU.

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.

DON MARC SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY

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And sold by Druggists every where.

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THE FALL TERM opens on the first day of SEPTEMBER. Addres

S. B. MERCER, Principal.

aug12:4t

The Buzz Calls! The War Ag'nst Pain!
War of Extermination against Bad Teeth
Bad Breath, Diseased Gums
Toothache, Earache,
and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

during Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH," one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, postpaid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

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The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

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The best evidences that they are is, that the firmest friends and best patrons are those wh have used them longest. *Dr. Wm B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says: "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acids, nor asalt, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker*, etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Droops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sume you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. It too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescried for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls aslcep; and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache*, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurds Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they went them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cts. for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see; or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

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Tribune Buildings, New York.

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In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empirics and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

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The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

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Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

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This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

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THE subscriber offers for sale 200 acres of fine upland, suitable for a Dairy or Sheep Farm, with 40 acres of rich Creek Bottom; also, 100 acres of River Bottom.

This valuable property will be sold to purchasers. For particulars inquire of

W. C. DUNN,
oct28,'63.. Remington Station.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE PREVENTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams, all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at graet expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotton up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to,

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made official in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be lent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicians who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,
Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,
Citrate of Iron and Citrate of Iron and Quinine, very soluble,
Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark agreeable; chalybeates,
Syrup of the Hypophosphites,
Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides; a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,
Oxalate of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting,
Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated;
Solution of Bi-mecconate of Morphia: same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects.
Pyro-phosphate of Iron; soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

GEO. W. WEYMAN,
Cor. 3d & Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia, would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

aug.19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

AMBROTYPES!!

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFE-LIKE PICTURES can now be had at the

COURT-HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere dauba, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks.

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857. C. A. GRIFFIN,
Aor9 Photographic Artist

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETERS testamentary on the estate of MATTHEW ELDER, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

REUBEN WATT, Executor.
dec16 Elder's Mills, Beaver co. Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM EWING, late of Greene twp., Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. L. RAMSEY, Greene tp.,
dec15 Executor.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS. THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'— to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
AT JAY COOKE & CO.'S Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL

COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar: no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for Young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

MME. DEMOREST'S

Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS.

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the sm't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

☞ Summer No. now ready.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Wholesale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & McGuffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.

ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb:18 73 Wood st., Pittsburgh

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant

AND

Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignmen aug 28.

JOHN B. YOUNG,

Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.
Jan. 20, 1862.

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

☞ C. P. CUMMINS.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

JOHNSON, PRO'R

ROCHESTER, PA.

MILT. SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND!!

ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS: when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS,

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightly wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Yo cannot put into the Knapsack of Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable nor more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his ronuds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Thefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years. Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp,

DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, shall disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.
mar26.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$88 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

R. T. TAYLOR.
mar4'63

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

PITTSBURG WATER CURE!

NO. Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all form of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address

DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D. ..... J. M. CUMMINS, M. D

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

Correspondence Wanted,

FOUR of Uncle Sam's nephews desire a Correspondence with as many young ladies between the ages of 16 and 22 in view of having some fun, making lots of friends among the fair, or whatever the result may be, and thereby make damp life agreeable.

ADDRESS—"WILLIAM H. HARRISON," "BYRON FITZGERALD," "DAVE CROCKER" or "JOHN C. HEENAN."

Co. H, 13th Reg. or 1, 2d Brig. 3d Div. 21st Army Corps, McMinersville, Tenn

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BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARBON OIL,

ROCHESTER,

BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

STRAY COW.

CAME to the enclosure of the subscriber, in Raccoon tp., on the 17th of August, a red and white cow—white back and red sides she is supposed to be about 5 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

(sep3) SAMUEL [illegible]

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS,

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking what is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The most wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Sailor's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG,